

2011 Census release: Ward profile

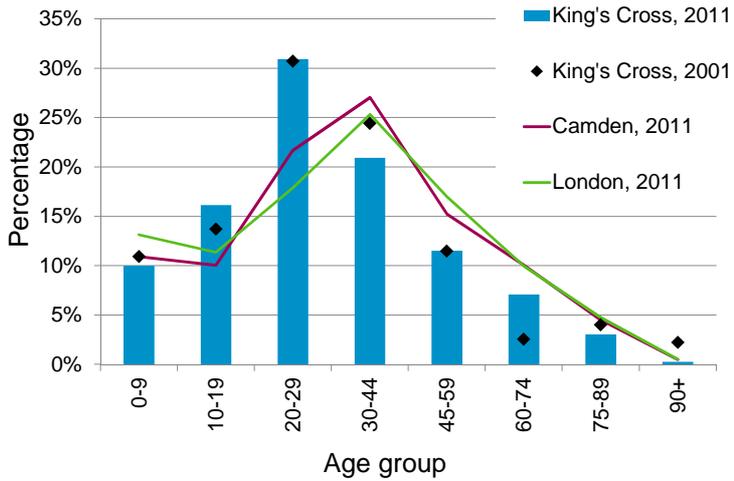
E05000141 King's Cross

March 2013

This profile provides information on key demographics, health care, household and employment status for this ward primarily based on the 2011 Census data. It shows both the differences between the Camden average and the ward, and where available, between the 2001 and 2011 Census figures. All data for 2011 were published by the Office for National Statistics (ONS) in January 2013. All data are available at www.ons.gov.uk. Unless otherwise stated, data are for 2011.

DEMOGRAPHICS

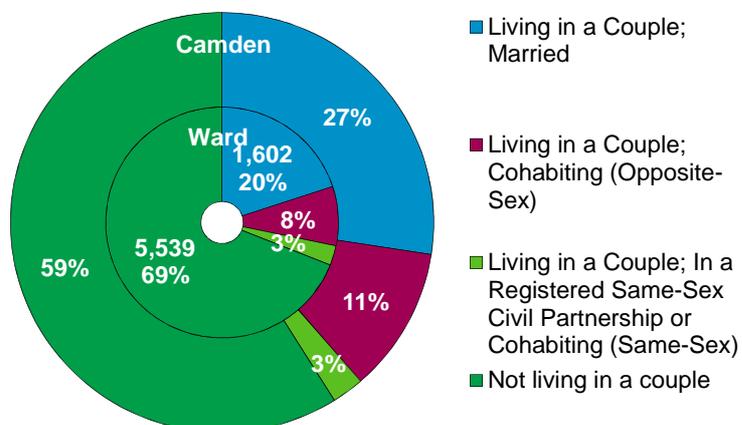
Age structure



In 2011 there were a total of 11,843 residents in King's Cross, compared to 11,413 in 2001.

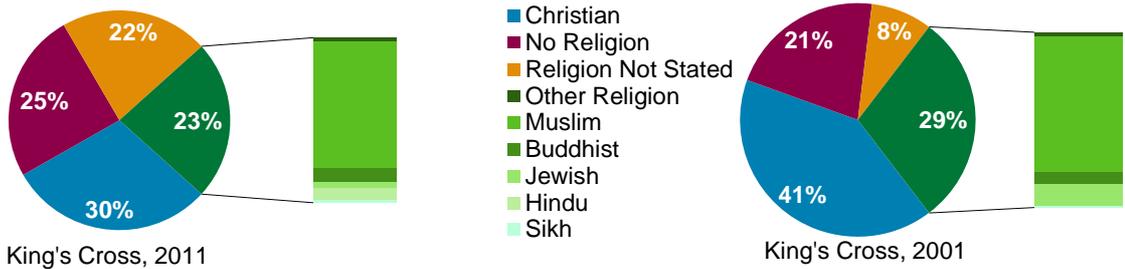
The 60-74 years age group saw the largest increase from 2001 (from 3% to 7%).

Marital and Civil Partnership status



In 2011, 69% of residents in King's Cross were recorded as not living in a couple. This is higher than Camden (59%) and is an increase from the ward's percentage in 2001 (65%).

Religion

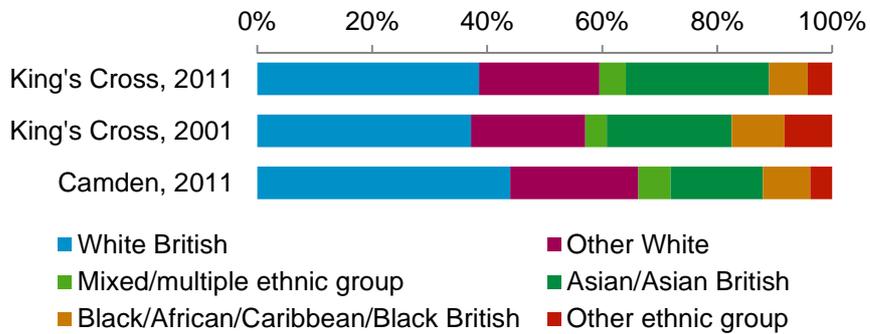


The percentage of people with no religion in King's Cross has increased from 21% to 25% since 2001, and is the same as in Camden (25%).

Ethnicity and Language

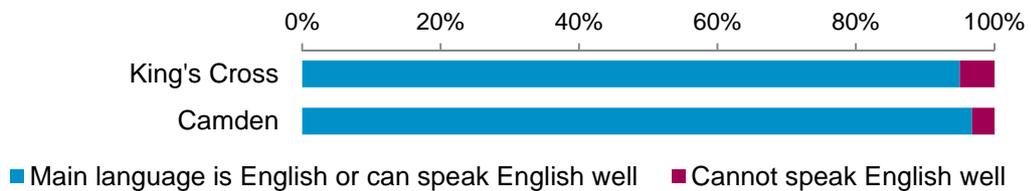
Ethnic Group

In 2011, 39% of people in King's Cross were White British, followed by Other White, which represents 21% of the ward population.



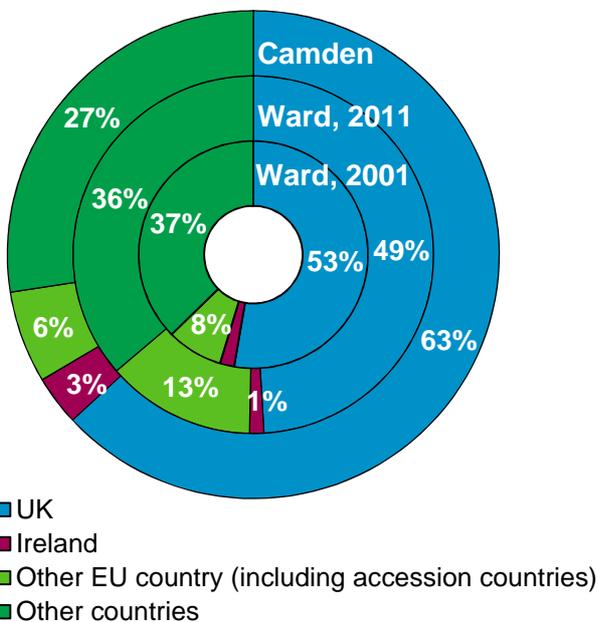
Proficiency in English

In 2011, 573 (5%) of people could not speak English or not speak English very well. This percentage is higher than in Camden overall (3%).

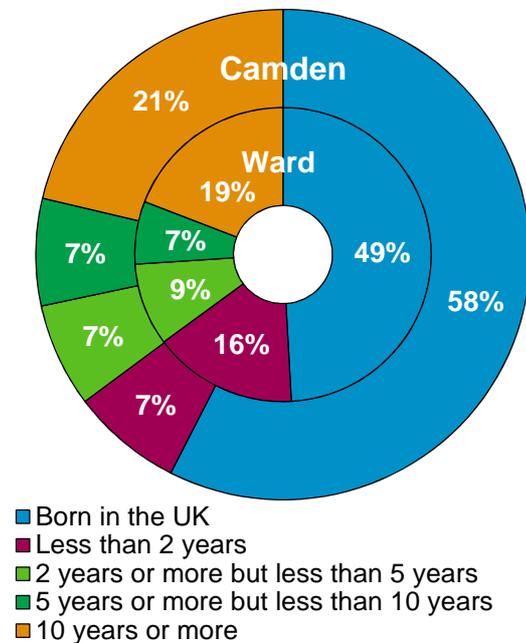


Country of birth and residency

Country of Birth



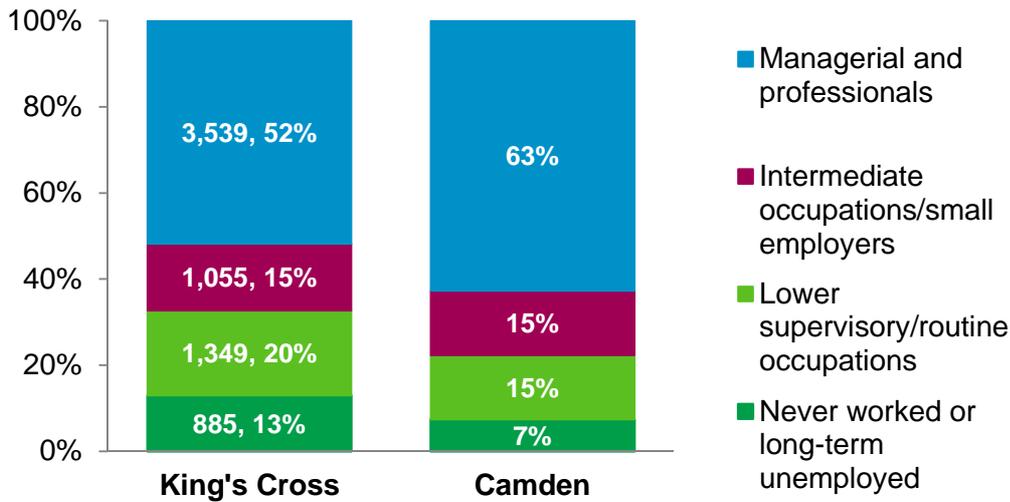
Length of UK residency



The percentage of residents in King's Cross that were born in the UK decreased from 53% in 2001 to 49% in 2011. The percentage of people born in EU countries (including the most recent accession countries) other than the UK and Ireland has increased from 8% in 2001 to 13% in 2011. The percentage of residents in King's Cross who were not born in the UK but have lived in the country for ten years or more is lower in King's Cross (19%) than in Camden (21%).

LABOUR MARKET

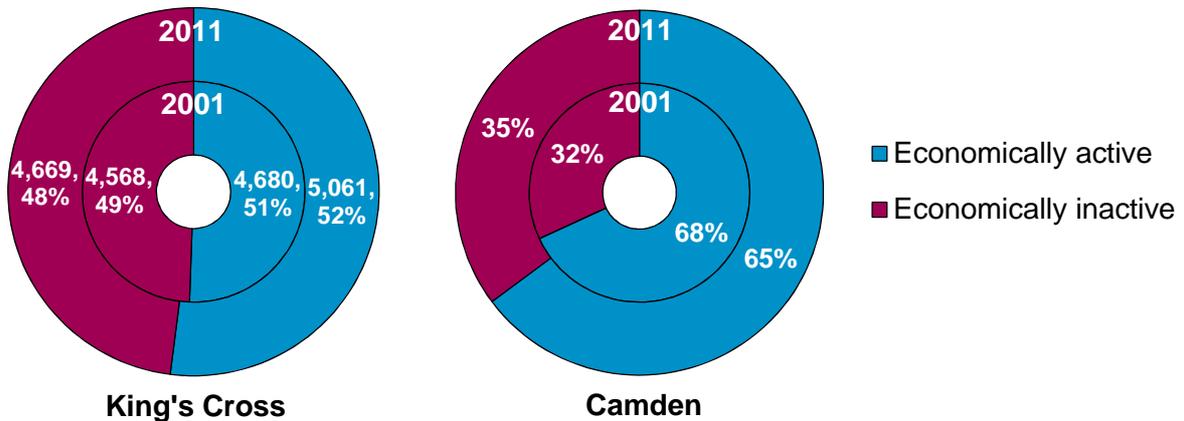
Employment by socio-economic group (NS-SEC)



In 2011, 885 residents in King's Cross were long-term unemployed or had never worked, which represents 13% of the ward population (compared to 7% in Camden).

Note: The working age population size does not exactly equal the sum of the individual categories due to rounding.

Economically inactive* working age population (16-74)



In 2011, there were 4,669 (48%) economically inactive residents* in King's Cross, of whom 399 (9%) were long-term sick or disabled (14% in Camden).

* Not in work and not actively seeking work.

Education and qualifications

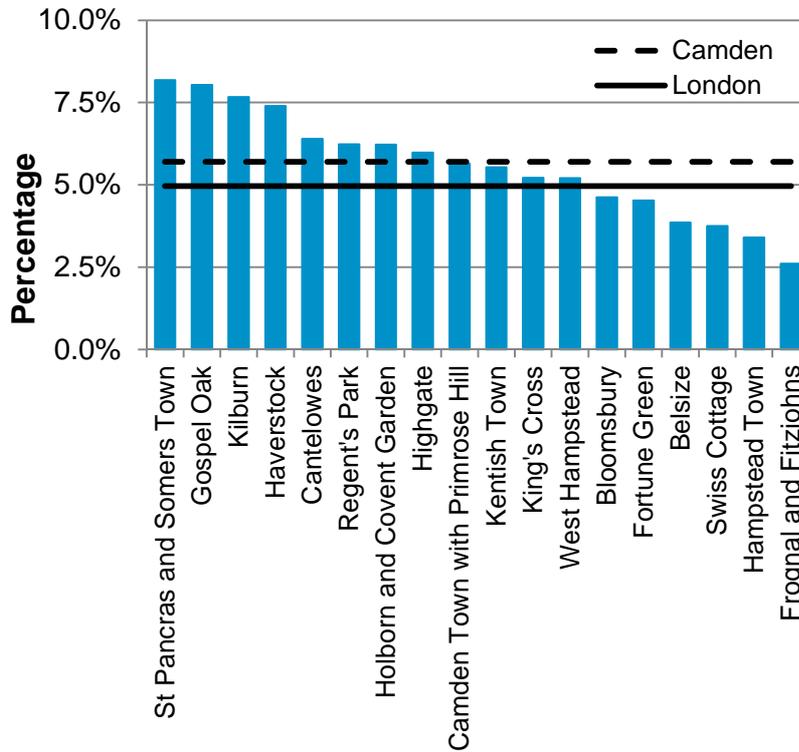
In 2011, King's Cross had a higher percentage of residents aged 16 or over with no qualifications than Camden, and has a lower percentage of residents aged 16 or over with a degree level qualification than Camden.

Ward	No qualification		Degree level	
	2001	2011	2001	2011
King's Cross	1,635 (18%)	1,230 (15%)	3,844 (42%)	4,017 (40%)
Camden	26,935 (17%)	23,451 (11%)	72,945 (47%)	93,453 (42%)

Note: 2001 Census reported data for 16-74 year olds, and 2011 Census reported for all residents aged 16 or over, so figures aren't directly comparable.

HEALTH AND THE PROVISION OF UNPAID CARE

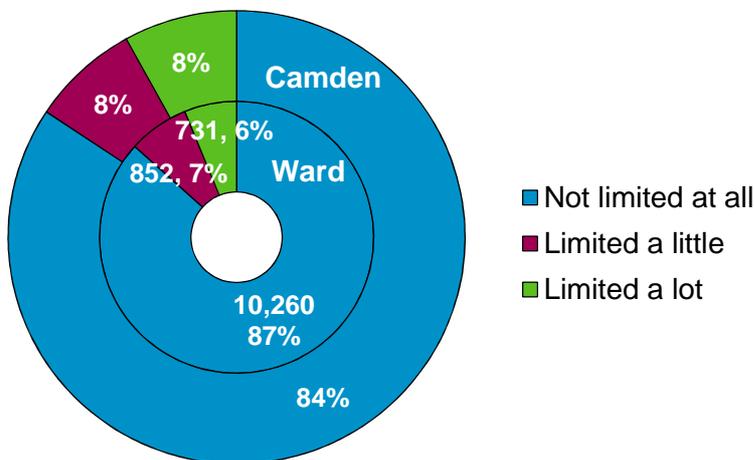
Percentage of residents who rated their health as bad or very bad, Camden wards compared with Camden and London averages, 2011



5% of King's Cross residents rated their health as 'bad' or 'very bad' in 2011, which was lower than Camden (6%). In 2001, 9% of King's Cross residents rated their health as 'not good'.

84% of King's Cross residents rated their health as 'good' or 'very good', which was the same as the Camden average. 10% of King's Cross residents rated their health as fair.

Residents who feel that they are limited by their health in their daily lives, King's Cross compared with Camden.



6% of King's Cross residents felt that they were limited a lot in their daily lives, compared to 8% in Camden.

Note: The question from 2001 is not directly comparable with the 2011 question. In 2001, 15% of residents felt that they had a limiting long-term condition.

Percentage of residents providing unpaid care, by number of hours per week, King's Cross 2011 and 2001 and Camden 2011



6% of King's Cross residents provided unpaid care at least once a week, a decrease of 1% from 2001.

HOUSEHOLDS

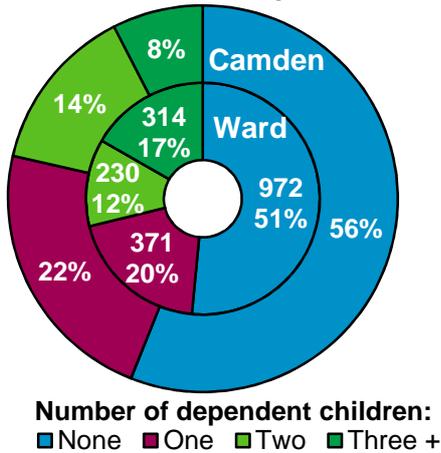
Types of households in King's Cross



Note: These categories are not mutually exclusive.

Dependent children

Households with dependent children



Breakdown of all dependent children in King's Cross

1,899
dependent children.

242 (13%)
dependent children lived in a household where no adult was employed, compared to 17% in Camden.

175 (9%)
dependent children lived in a household where at least one adult had a long-term health condition, compared to 12% in Camden.

Lone parent families

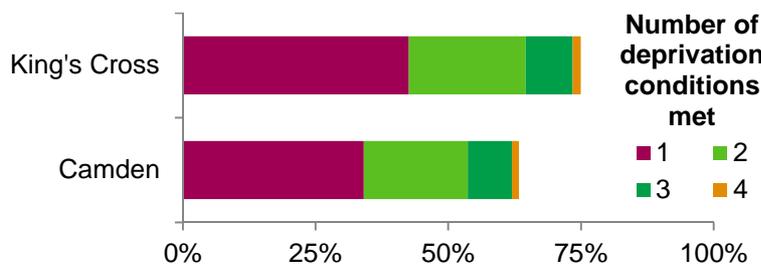


55 (14%)
lone parents worked full-time in King's Cross compared to 21% in Camden.

170 (43%)
lone parents worked part-time in King's Cross, compared to 23% in Camden.

167 (43%)
lone parents were unemployed in King's Cross in 2011, compared to 70% in 2001, and 56% in Camden.

Deprivation



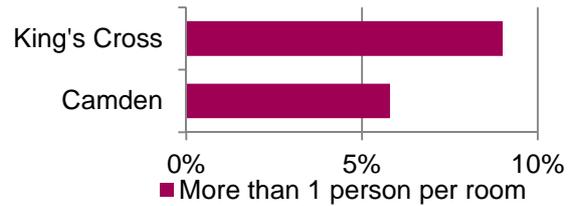
32%
of King's Cross households met two or more of the ONS' deprivation conditions in 2011, compared to 29% in Camden.

Note: Deprivation conditions: any household member is unemployed or long-term sick; no household member has at least a level 2 education and none are full-time students; any household member has long-term health problem or rates their health as bad or very bad; household is overcrowded, shared, or lacks central heating.

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

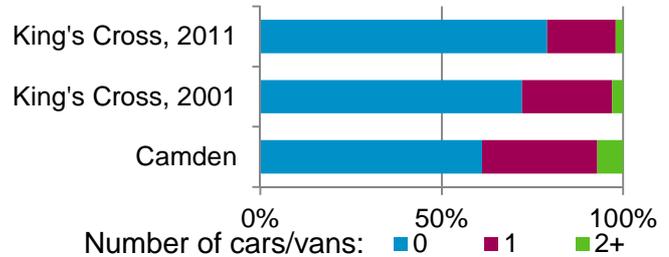
Household size

411 (9%) households in King's Cross had more than one person per room compared to 6% in Camden.

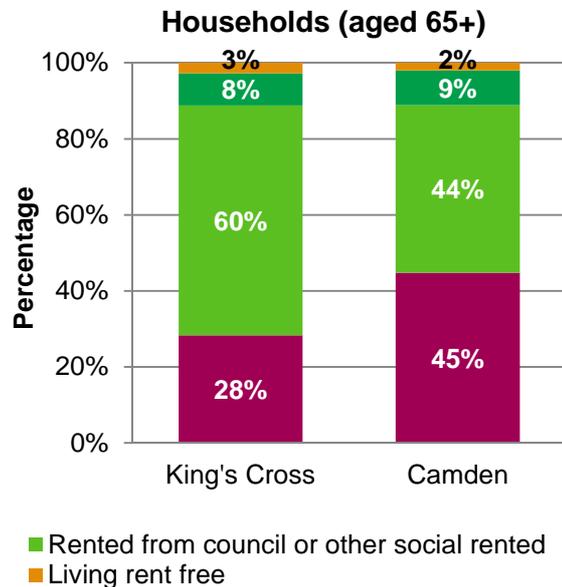
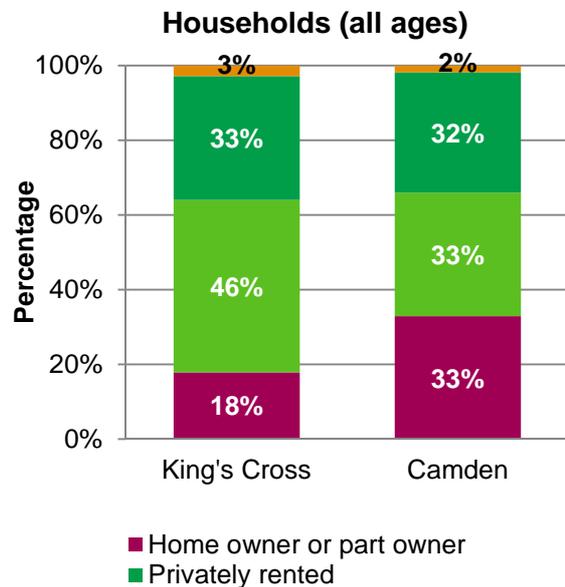


Car ownership

3,630 (79%) households in King's Cross had no access to a car or van in 2011 compared to 72% in 2001.



Tenure and accommodation

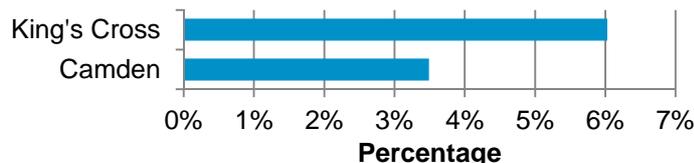


In 2011, 604 (20%) households in King's Cross had a head of household aged 65 or over, compared to 24% in Camden.

2,120 (46%) households in King's Cross lived in a property rented from the council or another social landlord, compared to 44% among households whose head was aged 65 or over, and 33% among all households in Camden.

Central heating

277 (6%) households in King's Cross had no central heating in 2011 compared to 12% in 2001. In 2011, the percentage of homes without central heating in King's Cross was higher than Camden (3%).



This profile has been produced by the Camden and Islington Public Health Intelligence Team. For more information contact publichealth.intelligence@islington.gov.uk or call 020 7527 1240. The main authors of these ward profiles were Ester Romeri, David Clifford, Lucy Lloyd, and Fatima Salih.